What is claimed is:

 $\swarrow$ ) A coating comprising:

a first coating surface;

a second coating surface, and

at least one breaker layer located between the first and second coating surfaces, the breaker layer configured to interrupt a crystal structure of the coating.

2. The coating according to claim 1, wherein the first and second coating surfaces are substantially crystalline and the breaker layer is substantially amorphous.

3. The coating according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the first and second coating surfaces comprises at least one metal oxide and at least one dopart.

The coating according to claim 1, wherein the breaker layer comprises at least one metal oxide and
 phosphorous.

5. The coating according to claim 1, wherein the breaker layer comprises at least one metal oxide and silicon.

6. A coating, comprising:

a substantially crystalline first layer;

a substantially crystalline second layer deposited over the first layer; and

a breaker layer located between the first and second layers, the breaker layer configured to prevent or at least reduce epitaxial growth of the second layer on the first layer.

7. The coating according to claim 6, wherein the 35 first layer comprises a metal oxide.

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- 8. The coating according to claim 6, wherein the first layer comprises a metal oxide having at least one dopant.
- 9. The coating according to claim 6, wherein the first layer has a thickness of about 1000 Å to about 2300 Å.
- 10. The coating according to claim 6, wherein at least one of the first and second layers comprises (a) a metal oxide selected from the group consisting of oxides of Zn, Fe, Mn, Al, Ti, In, Zr, Ce, Sn, Si, Cr, Sb, Co, and mixtures thereof, and (b) at least one dopant selected from the group consisting of Sn, Sb, F, In, and mixtures thereof.
  - 11. The coating according to claim 6, wherein the second layer has a thickness of about 2000 Å to about 5000 Å.
- 12. The coating according to claim 6, wherein the 20 breaker layer comprises tin oxide and phosphorous.
  - 13. The coating according to claim 6, wherein the breaker layer comprises tin oxide and silica.
- 25 14. The coating according to claim 6, wherein the breaker layer has a thickness of about 100 Å to about 1000 Å.
  - 15. The coating according to claim 6, wherein the breaker layer is amorphous.
    - 16.) A coating, comprising:
  - a substantially crystalline first layer comprising antimony doped tin oxide, the first layer having a thickness of about 1200 Å to about 2300 Å;

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a substantially crystalline second layer deposited over the first layer, the second layer comprising fluorine doped tin oxide and having a thickness of about 3000 Å to about 3600 Å; and

a breaker layer located between the first and second crystalline layers, the breaker layer configured to prevent or at least reduce epitaxial growth of the second layer on the first Xayer.

The coating according to claim 16, wherein breaker layer has a thickness of about 100 Å to about 1000 Å and the breaker layer comprises tin oxide with at least one of mosphorous and silica.

> A coated article, comprising: substrate and

a coating deposited over at least a portion of the substrate, the coating comprising:

first coating surface; a second coating surface; and at least one breaker layer located between the first and second coating surfaces and configured to nterrupt a crystal structure of the coating.

25 19. The coating according to claim 18, wherein the first and second coating surfaces are substantially crystalline and the breaker layer is substantially amorphous.

The coating according to claim 18, wherein the first coating surface comprises at least one metal oxide.

The coating according to claim 20, wherein the first coating surface further comprises at least one dopant.

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- 22. The coating according to claim 18, wherein the second coating surface comprises at lease one metal oxide.
- 23. The coating according to claim 22, wherein the second coating surface further comprises at least one dopant.
  - 24. The coating according to claim 18, wherein the breaker layer comprises at least one metal oxide and phosphorous.

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25 The coating according to claim 18, wherein the breaker layer comprises at least one metal oxide—and silicon.

(26) A coated article, comprising:

a substrate;

a substantially crystalline first layer deposited over at least a portion of the substrate;

a breaker layer deposited over the first layer; and a substantially crystalline second layer deposited

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wherein the breaker layer is configured to inhibit epitaxial growth of the second crystalline layer on the first drystalline layer.

- 27. The coated article according to claim 26, wherein the substrate is selected from the group consisting of glass) ceramic, and plastic.
- 28. The coated article according to claim 26, 30 wherein the first layer comprises a metal oxide and at least one dopant.
- 29. The coated arricle according to claim 26, wherein the first layer comprises a metal oxide selected from the group consisting of oxides of Zn, Fe, Mn, Al, Ti, In, Zr,

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Ce, Sn, Si, Cr, Sb, Co, and mixtures thereof, and at least one dopant selected from the group consisting of Sn, Sb, F, In, and mixtures thereof.

- 5 30. The coated article according to claim 26, wherein the first layer has a thickness of about 1200 Å to about 2300 Å.
- 31. The coated article according to claim 26, 10 wherein the breaker layer is amorphous.
  - 32. The coated article according to claim 26, wherein the breaker layer has a thickness of about 100 Å to about 1000 Å.
  - 33. The coated article according to claim 26, wherein the breaker layer comprises tin oxide and phosphorous.
- 34. The coated article according to claim 26, wherein the breaker layer comprises tin oxide and silica.
  - 35. The coated article according to claim 26, wherein the second layer comprises a metal oxide and at least one dopant.
  - 36. The coated article according to claim 35, wherein the second layer comprises a metal oxide selected from the group consisting of oxides of Zn, Fe, Mn, Al, Ti, In, Zr, Ce, Sn, Si, Cr, Sb, Co, and mixtures thereof, and at least one dopant selected from the group consisting of Sn, Sb, F, In, and mixtures thereof.
  - 37. The coated article according to claim 26, wherein the first layer includes antimony doped tin oxide,

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with an atomic ratio of antimony to tin of about 8.0 to about 12.0

- 38. The coated article according to claim 35, wherein the second layer comprises fluorine doped tin oxide, with the fluorine present in an amount of less than about 5 atomic percent.
- 39. The coated article according to claim 33, 10 wherein the breaker layer has a phosphorous to tin atomic ratio of about 0.00% to about 0.10.
- 40. The coated article according to claim 34, wherein the breaker layer has a silicon to tin atomic ratio of about 0.000 to about 0.050.
  - Al. A coated article, comprising:
    - a substrate;

substantially crystalline first layer deposited over at least a portion of the substrate; and

a breaker layer deposited over at least a portion of the first layer, the breaker layer configured to prevent or at least reduce epitaxial growth of a subsequently deposited crystalline layer over the first layer.

42 A coated article, comprising:

a substrate;

a graded color suppression layer deposited over at least a portion of the substrate, wherein the color suppression 30 layer is about 50Å to about 3000Å thick; and

a first substantially transparent, conductive metal oxide layer deposited over the color suppression layer, wherein the conductive metal oxide layer is about 700Å to about 3000Å thick.

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43. The article as claimed in claim 42, wherein the conductive metal oxide layer includes at least two coating stratas.

44. The article as claimed in claim 42, including a second substantially transparent, conductive metal oxide layer deposited over the first conductive metal oxide layer, wherein the second conductive metal oxide layer has a thickness of about 0Å to about 3000Å, wherein the second conductive metal oxide layer is fluorine doped tin oxide, and wherein the thickness of the second layer is inversely proportional to the thickness of the first layer.

A coated article, comprising

15 a substrate;

an antimony doped tin oxide layer deposited over the substrate and having a thickness of about 900Å to about 1500Å; and

a fluorine doped tin oxide layer deposited over the
antimony doped tin oxide layer and having a thickness of about
1200Å to about 3600Å, wherein the antimony doped tin oxide
layer has at least two stratas of different antimony
concentrations, with a first strata having a thickness of
about 985Å and a second strata having a thickness of about
25 214Å.

(46). A coated article, comprising:

a substrate;

a first doped metal oxide layer deposited over at

30 least a portion of the substrate; and

a second doped metal oxide layer deposited over the first doped metal oxide layer, wherein the first doped metal oxide layer has a lower refractive index than that of the second doped metal oxide layer.

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- 47. The article as clamed in claim 46, wherein the first doped metal oxide layer includes antimony doped tin oxide.
- 5 48. The article as plaimed in claims 47, wherein the second doped metal oxide layer includes a doped metal oxide selected from the group consisting of fluorine doped tin oxide, indium doped tin oxide, and mixtures thereof.

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49. A coated article, comprising:

a substrate;

a color suppression layer deposited over at least a portion of the substrate,

a substantially crystalline first layer deposited er the color suppression layer;

a substantially crystalline second layer deposited over the First layer; and

a breaker layer located between the first and second layers, the breaker layer configured to prevent or reduce epitaxial growth of the second layer on the first layer.

- 50. The article as claims in claim 49, wherein the breaker layer comprises a phosphorous containing material.
- 25 51. The article as claimed in claim 49, wherein the breaker layer comprises a siljca containing material.
  - 52. The article as claimed in claim 49, wherein the first layer comprises antimony doped tin oxide.
  - 53. The article as claimed in claim 49, wherein the second layer comprises fluorine doped tin oxide.

64. A coated article, comprising:

a substrate;

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a first coating region deposited over at least a portion of the substrate, the first coating region comprising a metal oxide and a first dopant;

a transition region deposited over the first region, the transition region comprising a metal oxide, the first dopant, and a second dopant, with the ratio of the first dopant to the second dopant constantly changing with distance from the substrate; and

a third coating region deposited over the second coating region, the third coating region comprising a metal oxide and the second dopant.

55. The coated article according to claim 54, wherein the metal oxides of the first, second, and third coating regions are each tin oxide.

56. The coated article according to claim 54, wherein the first and second dopants are selected from antimony and fluorine.

57. The coated article according to claim 54, including a color suppression layer located between the first region and the substrate.

58. The coated article according to claim 54, including at least one breaker layer located between at least two of the first region, transition region, or second region.

5.9. A method of coating a substrate, comprising the steps of:

depositing a substantially crystalline first layer at least a portion of a substrate;

depositing a breaker layer over the first layer; and depositing a substantially crystalline second layer the breaker layer, wherein the breaker layer is

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configured to prohibit or reduce epitaxial growth of the second crystalline layer on the first crystalline layer.

60. A method of coating a substrate, comprising the steps of:

depositing a substantially crystalline first layer over at least a portion of a substrate; and

depositing a breaker layer over the first crystalline layer, wherein the breaker layer is configured to prevent or at least reduce epitaxial growth of a subsequent crystalline layer onto the first crystalline layer.

61. A method of forming a coated article, comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate;

depositing a color suppression layer over at least a portion of the substrate, the color suppression layer having a thickness of about 50Å to about 3000Å;

depositing a first substantially transparent conductive metal oxide layer over the color suppression layer, the first conductive metal oxide layer comprising antimony doped tin oxide having a thickness of about 700Å to about 3000Å; and

depositing a second, substantially transparent, conductive metal oxide layer over the first conductive metal oxide layer, the second conductive metal oxide layer comprising fluorine doped oxide having a thickness of about 0Å to about 3000Å, with the thickness of the second layer being substantially inversely proportional to the thickness of the first layer.

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